Name_____

SKILLS

Name the property that justifies each statement.

1) If $x + 3 = 10$, then $x = 7$.

2) If $3(2x - 10) = 11$, then $6x - 30 = 11$.

3) If $12 - x = y$, then $y = 12 - x$.

4) $AB = AB$.

Find the measure of the given angle.

5) If $\frac{1}{2}x = 10$, then $x = 20$.

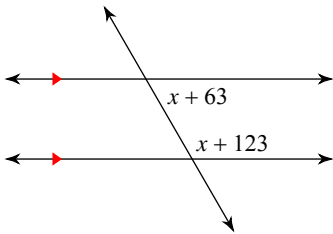6) $m\angle SEF = 60°$, $m\angle DEF = 14x + 8$, and $m\angle DES = 9x + 8$. Find $m\angle DES$.
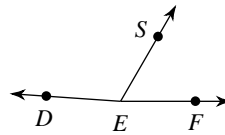
Find the measure of each angle indicated.

7)

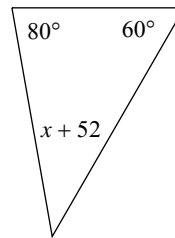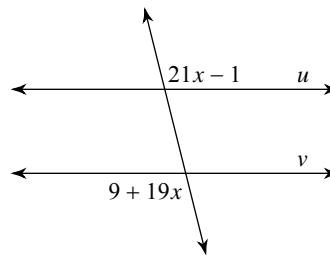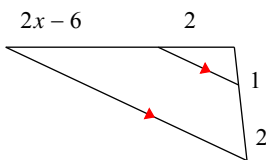8) Solve for x.

9)

10)
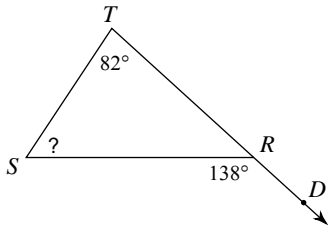
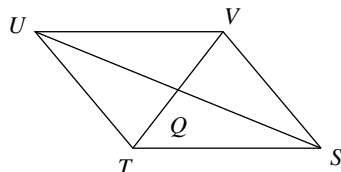**Find the value of x that makes lines u and v parallel.**
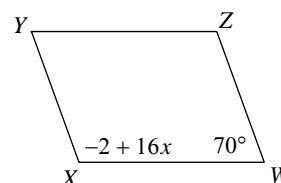
11)

Find the measurement indicated in each parallelogram.

12) $TQ = 7x - 3$
    $QV = 5x + 3$
    Find TQ

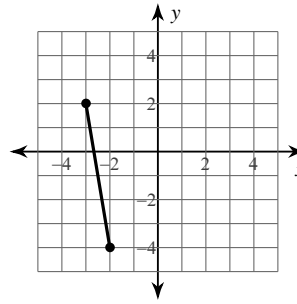**Solve for x. Each figure is a parallelogram.**

13)

Write the slope-intercept form of the equation with the given information.

14) through: $(-1, 4)$ and $(-4, 1)$

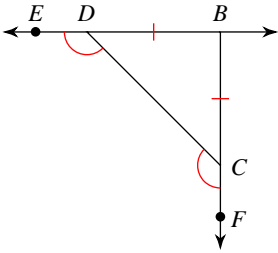**Find the midpoint and distance between each pair of points.**
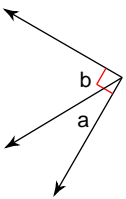
15) $(-1, -4)$, $(-7, 4)$

16)

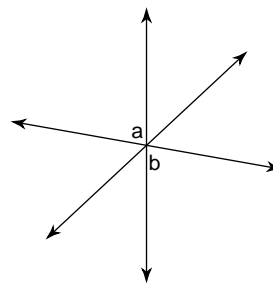**List all information given by the marks on the diagram.**

17)

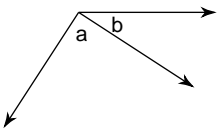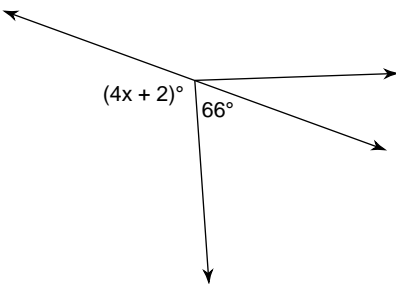**Name the relationship: complementary, linear pair, or vertical.**
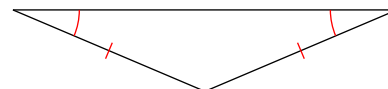
18)

19)

20)

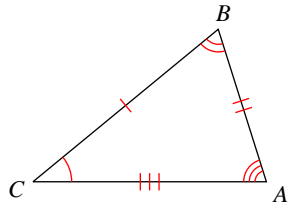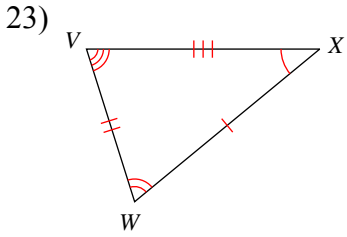
Find the value of x.

21)

$(4x + 2)°$ $66°$

Classify each triangle by its sides (scalene, isosceles, or equilateral) as well as by its angles (acute, obtuse, or right).
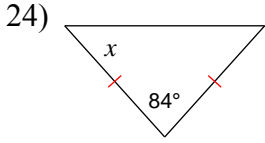
22)

Write a statement that indicates that the triangles in each pair are congruent.

23)

Find the value of x.

24)

Mark the angles and sides of each pair of triangles to indicate that they are congruent.

25) $\triangle SRQ \cong \triangle SJK$
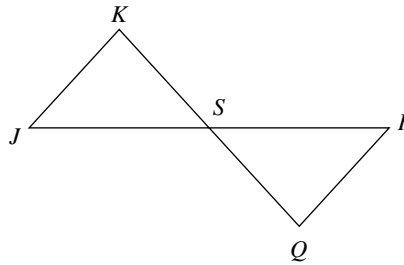
State if the two triangles are congruent. If they are, state how you know.

26)

27)

28)

29)

30)

31)
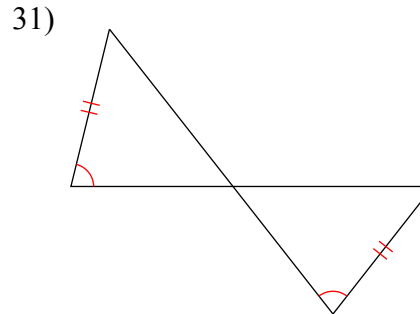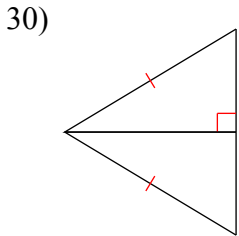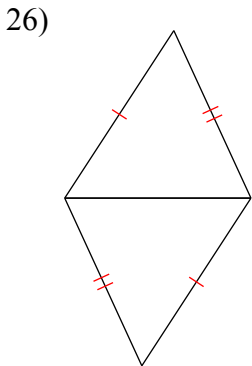
Find the measure of one exterior angle in each regular polygon. Round your answer to the nearest tenth if necessary.

32) regular 18-gon

33)
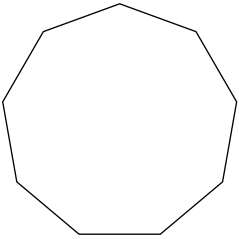
Find the measure of one interior angle in each polygon. Round your answer to the nearest tenth if necessary.

34)

35) regular pentagon
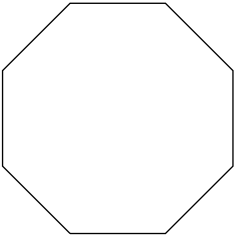
Find the length of the midsegment of each trapezoid.

36)
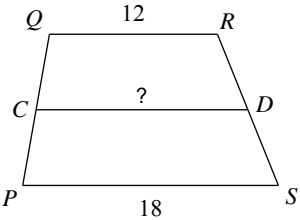
Solve for x. Each figure is a trapezoid.
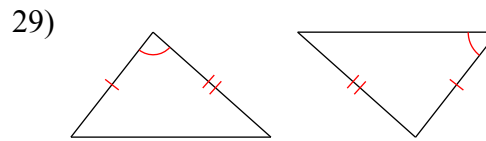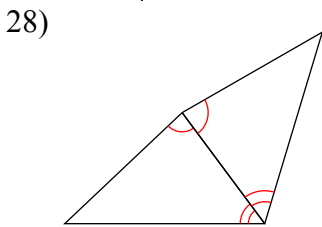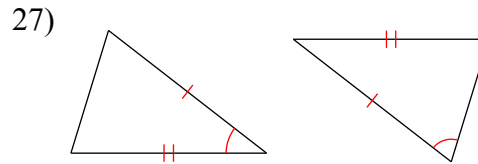
37) $RP = 11$
$SQ = 6x - 1$

38)
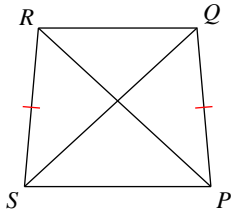
Find the missing length indicated.

39)
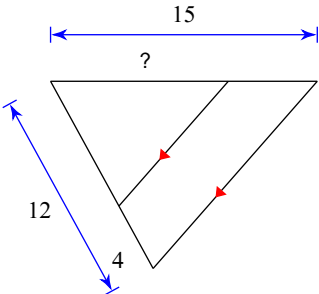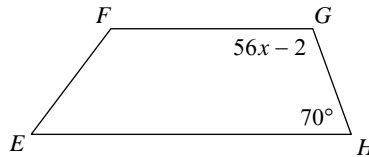
The following triangles are similar. Fill in the blank (order is important). Find the scale factor.

40)

$\triangle NML \sim$ _____
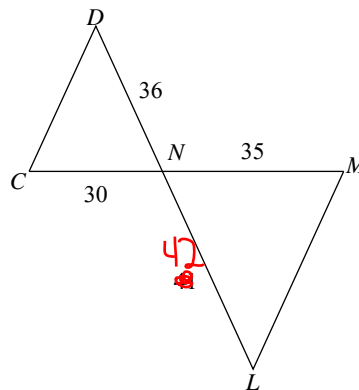
State if the triangles in each pair are similar. If so, state how you know they are similar and complete the similarity statement.

41)
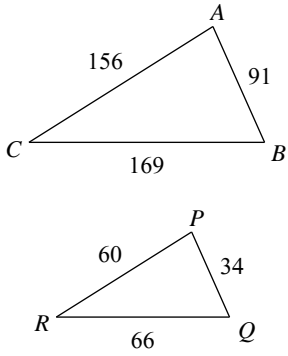
$\triangle ABC \sim$ _____

The polygons in each pair are similar. Find the missing side length.

42)

43)

Solve for x. The triangles in each pair are similar.

44)

Find the missing length indicated.

45)

Geometry Semester 1 Exam Review Applications

UNIT 1: Tools for Geometry

1. Mr.Kelly is really good at flow charts. Help him answer the following:

Mark the picture with the following.

a. $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{BC}$

b. $\overline{BF}$ is the angle bisector of $\angle ABC$

c. $\angle BFD$ is a right angle

d. F is the midpoint of $\overline{DE}$

Use the info to find the following.

e. Use letters to name $\angle 1$.

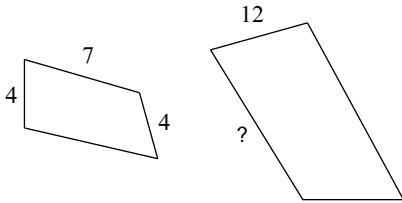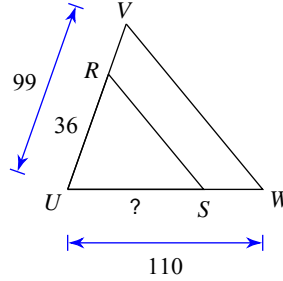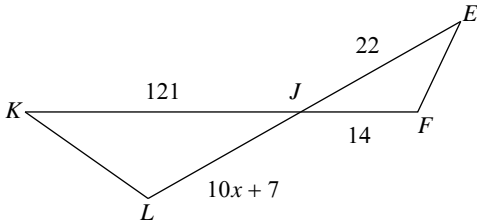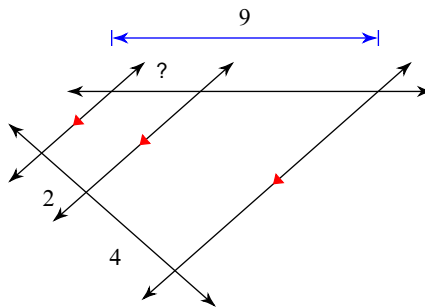f. Given $AB = 5x + 3$ and $BC = 3x + 13$, find x and AB
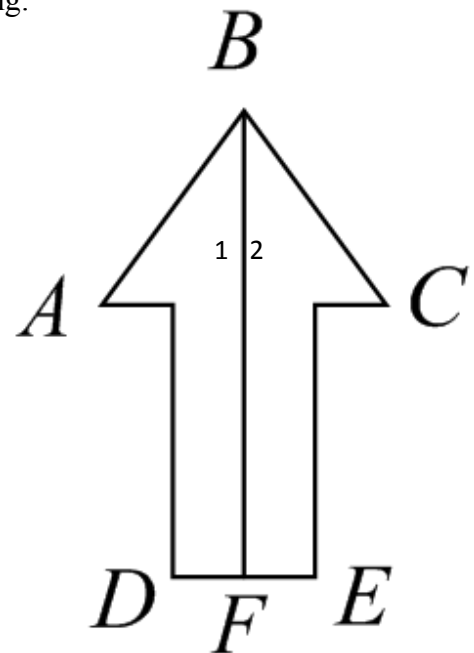
UNIT 2: Reasoning and Proof

2. Use the diagram to complete the proof that $m\angle ACD$ = 130 by filling in the missing steps.
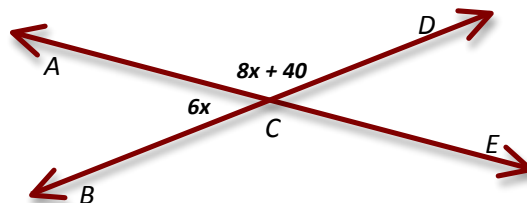
Statements	Reasons
A. $m\angle ACB = 6x; \ m\angle ACD = 8x + 40$	**A.** Given
B. $m\angle ACB + m\angle ACD = 180$	**B.** Linear Pairs are Supplementary
C. $6x + 8x + 40 = 180$	**C.** _____
D. $14x + 40 = 180$	**D.** _____
E. $14x = 140$	**E.** Subtraction Property of Equality
F. $x = 10$	**F.** _____
G. $m\angle BCE = 8(10) + 40 = 120$	**G.** _____

UNIT 3: Parallel Lines

3. Mr. Kelly is trying to make some cash for his favorite hobby, collecting Barbie dolls. After one week he still owes his wife one dollar but after three weeks he has now five dollars.

   a) What's Mr. Kelly's slope (rate of change) for this situation?

   b) What's Mr. Kelly's y-intercept (initial value) for this situation?

   c) Write an equation of the line for the given situation. Graph the line.

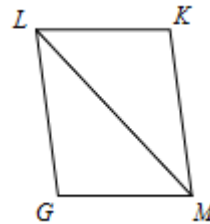   d) How much money would Mr. Kelly have after 2 _months_?
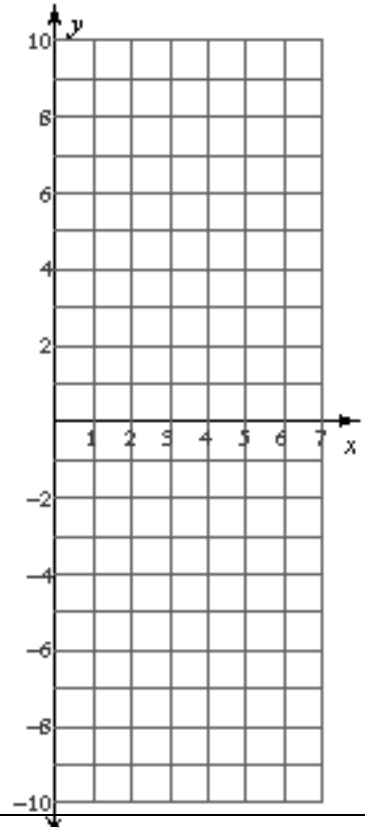
UNIT 4: Triangle Congruence

4. Fill in the blanks on the proof below.

Given: $\overline{LK} \cong \overline{GM}$
$\overline{LK} \parallel \overline{GM}$

Prove: $\Delta LGM \cong \Delta MKL$

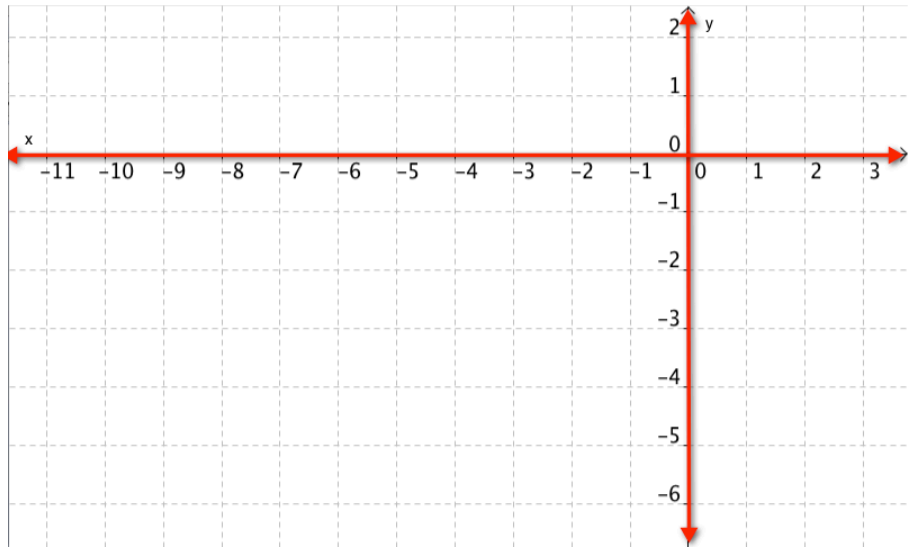| STATEMENTS	REASONS
1.	1. Given
2. $\angle LMG \cong \angle MLK$	2.
3.	3. Reflexive Property
4.	4.

UNIT 5: Quadrilaterals

5. The coordinates of the vertices of quadrilateral BRUS are B(-8, 1), R(0, 0), U(-1, -5) and S(-9, -4).
   a. Graph and label BRUS. (Use a straight edge and label the coordinates of each point!)
   b. Use the slope formula to determine if BRUS is a parallelogram. $m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$

Slope $\overline{BR} =$

Slope $\overline{RU} =$
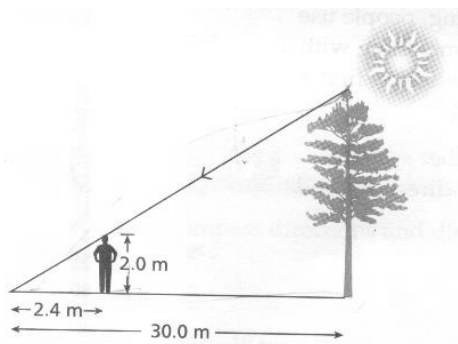
Slope $\overline{US} =$

Slope $\overline{SB} =$

Is BRUS a parallelogram? _____

How do you know? _____

UNIT 6: Similar Figures

6. Find the height of the tree in the following:

a.

2.0 m
←2.4 m→
30.0 m

b.

angle of reflection
1.8 m
0.8 m   mirror   12.0 m