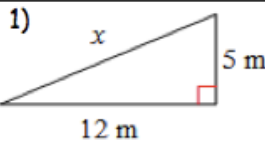
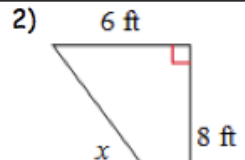
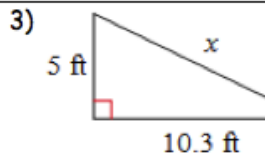


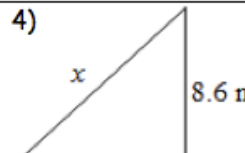
7.1 Practice Solutions

Directions: Find the missing side of each triangle. Round your answers to the nearest tenth if necessary.

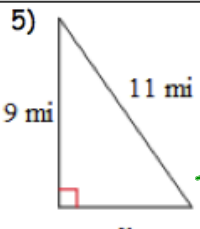
1)  $12^2 + 5^2 = x^2$
 $144 + 25 = x^2$
 $\sqrt{169} = \sqrt{x^2}$
 $13 = x$

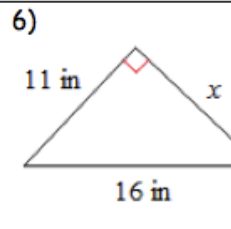
2)  $6^2 + 8^2 = x^2$
 $36 + 64 = x^2$
 $100 = x^2$
 $10 = x$

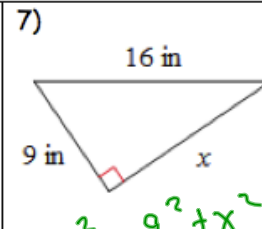
3)  $5^2 + 10.3^2 = x^2$
 $25 + 106.09 = x^2$
 $\sqrt{131.09} = \sqrt{x^2}$
 $x = 11.4$

4)  $x^2 = 8.6^2 + 9.4^2$
 $x^2 = 73.96 + 88.36$
 $\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{162.32}$
 $x = 12.7$

Directions: Find the missing side of each triangle. Leave your answers in simplest radical form.

5)  $11^2 = 9^2 + x^2$
 $121 = 81 + x^2$
 $-81 \quad -81$
 $\sqrt{40} = \sqrt{x^2}$
 $\sqrt{4}\sqrt{10} = x$
 $2\sqrt{10} = x$

6)  $11^2 + x^2 = 16^2$
 $121 + x^2 = 256$
 $-121 \quad -121$
 $\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{135}$
 $x = \sqrt{9}\sqrt{15}$
 $x = 3\sqrt{15}$

7)  $16^2 = 9^2 + x^2$
 $256 = 81 + x^2$
 $-81 \quad -81$
 $\sqrt{175} = \sqrt{x^2}$
 $\sqrt{25}\sqrt{7} = x$
 $5\sqrt{7} = x$

Directions: State if the three side lengths form a right triangle.

8) 6, 8, 12
 $6^2 + 8^2 \stackrel{?}{=} 12^2$
 $36 + 64 \stackrel{?}{=} 144$
 $100 \neq 144$
 NO

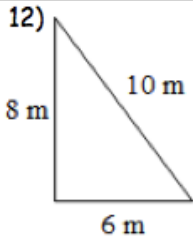
9) 9, 12, 15
 $9^2 + 12^2 \stackrel{?}{=} 15^2$
 $81 + 144 \stackrel{?}{=} 225$
 $225 = 225$
 YES

10) 10, $\sqrt{69}$, 13
 $10^2 + (\sqrt{69})^2 \stackrel{?}{=} 13^2$
 $100 + 69 \stackrel{?}{=} 169$
 $169 = 169$
 YES

11) 2, $\sqrt{9}$, $\sqrt{14}$
 $2^2 + (\sqrt{9})^2 \stackrel{?}{=} (\sqrt{14})^2$
 $4 + 9 \stackrel{?}{=} 14$
 $13 \neq 14$
 NO

Directions: State if each triangle is acute, obtuse, or right.

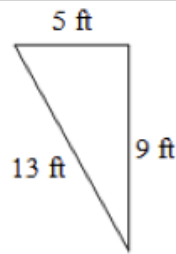
12)



$$6^2 + 8^2 = 10^2$$
$$36 + 64 = 100$$
$$100 = 100$$

RIGHT

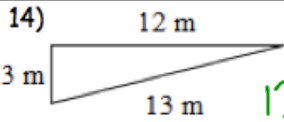
13)



$$13^2 = 169$$
$$5^2 + 9^2 = 25 + 81 = 106$$
$$169 > 106$$

OBTUSE

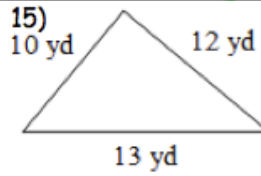
14)



$$13^2 = 169$$
$$3^2 + 12^2 = 9 + 144 = 153$$
$$169 > 153$$

OBTUSE

15)



$$10^2 + 12^2 = 100 + 144 = 244$$
$$244 > 169$$

13^2 = 169
ACUTE